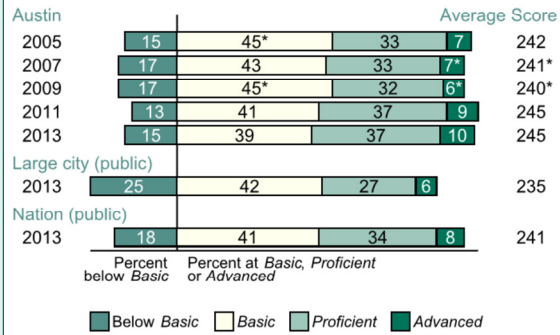


Overall Results

- In 2013, the average score of fourth-grade students in Austin was 245. This was higher than the average score of 235 for public school students in large cities.
- The average score for students in Austin in 2013 (245) was not significantly different from their average score in 2011 (245) and in 2005 (242).
- The score gap between higher performing students in Austin (those at the 75th percentile) and lower performing students (those at the 25th percentile) was 41 points in 2013. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (36 points).
- The percentage of students in Austin who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 46 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (46 percent) and was greater than that in 2005 (40 percent).
- The percentage of students in Austin who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 85 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (87 percent) and in 2005 (85 percent).

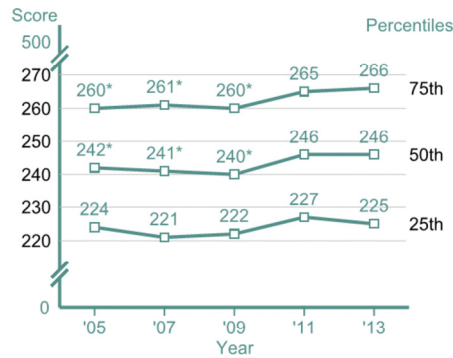
Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from district's results in 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

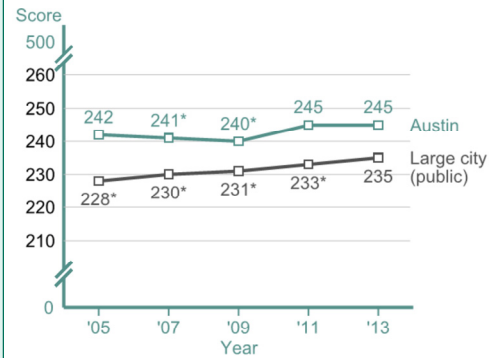
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more including the participating districts.

Scores at Selected Percentiles



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Average Scores for District and Large Cities



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more including the participating districts.

Results for Student Groups in 2013

Reporting Groups	Percent of students	Avg. score	Percentages at or above		Percent at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
Race/Ethnicity					
White	26	264	96	77	23
Black	7	228	72	21	2
Hispanic	61	237	80	33	4
Asian	3	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	3	‡	‡	‡	‡
Gender					
Male	52	246	85	47	11
Female	48	244	85	45	8
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	62	233	77	28	2
Not eligible	38	265	97	77	23

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

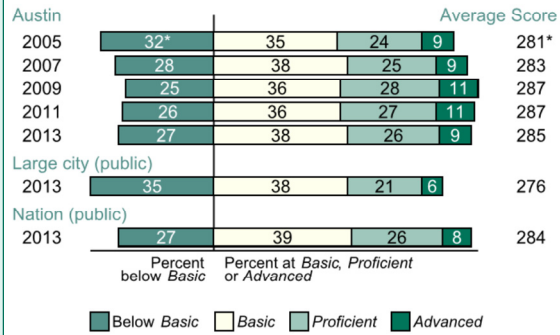
Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2013, Black students had an average score that was 36 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (34 points).
- In 2013, Hispanic students had an average score that was 28 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (28 points).
- In 2013, male students in Austin had an average score that was not significantly different from female students.
- In 2013, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 32 points lower than students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (28 points).

Overall Results

- In 2013, the average score of eighth-grade students in Austin was 285. This was higher than the average score of 276 for public school students in large cities.
- The average score for students in Austin in 2013 (285) was not significantly different from their average score in 2011 (287) and was higher than their average score in 2005 (281).
- The score gap between higher performing students in Austin (those at the 75th percentile) and lower performing students (those at the 25th percentile) was 50 points in 2013. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (53 points).
- The percentage of students in Austin who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 35 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (38 percent) and in 2005 (33 percent).
- The percentage of students in Austin who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 73 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (74 percent) and was greater than that in 2005 (68 percent).

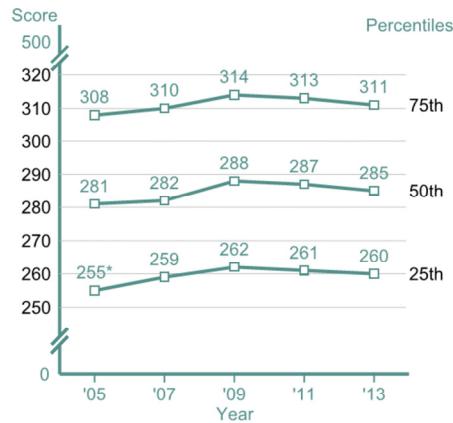
Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from district's results in 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

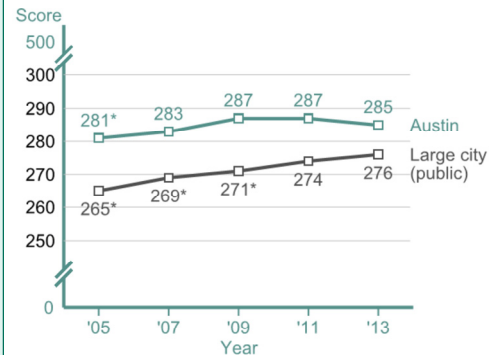
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more including the participating districts.

Scores at Selected Percentiles



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Average Scores for District and Large Cities



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more including the participating districts.

Results for Student Groups in 2013

Reporting Groups	Percent of students	Avg. score	Percentages at or above		Percent at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
Race/Ethnicity					
White	26	312	95	70	24
Black	9	267	55	17	2
Hispanic	59	273	66	21	2
Asian	3	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	2	‡	‡	‡	‡
Gender					
Male	51	284	72	35	10
Female	49	285	75	36	8
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	61	270	62	17	1
Not eligible	39	308	91	64	22

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

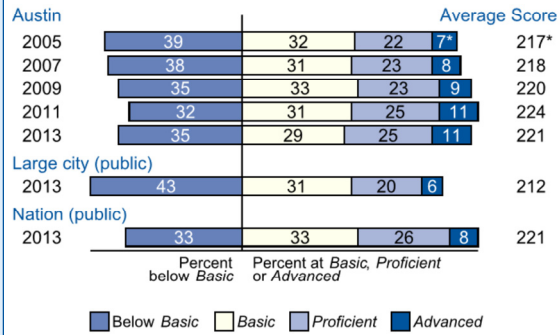
Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2013, Black students had an average score that was 45 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (43 points).
- In 2013, Hispanic students had an average score that was 39 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (38 points).
- In 2013, male students in Austin had an average score that was not significantly different from female students.
- In 2013, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 38 points lower than students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (40 points).

Overall Results

- In 2013, the average score of fourth-grade students in Austin was 221. This was higher than the average score of 212 for public school students in large cities.
- The average score for students in Austin in 2013 (221) was not significantly different from their average score in 2011 (224) and was higher than their average score in 2005 (217).
- The score gap between higher performing students in Austin (those at the 75th percentile) and lower performing students (those at the 25th percentile) was 54 points in 2013. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (50 points).
- The percentage of students in Austin who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 36 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (36 percent) and was greater than that in 2005 (28 percent).
- The percentage of students in Austin who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 65 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (68 percent) and in 2005 (61 percent).

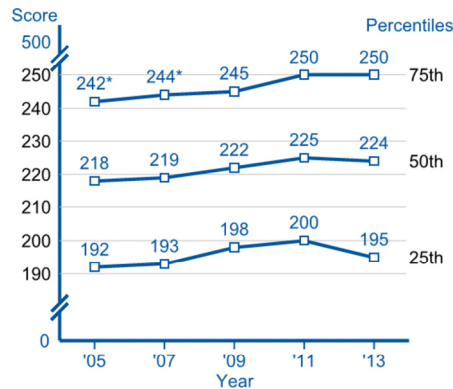
Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from district's results in 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

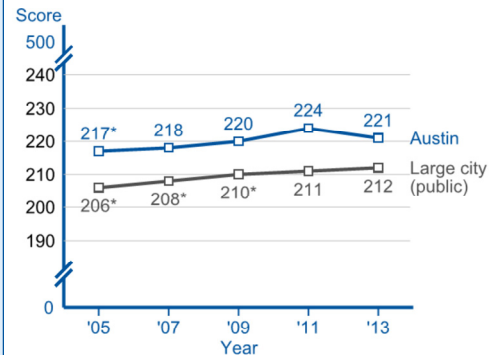
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more including the participating districts.

Scores at Selected Percentiles



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Average Scores for District and Large Cities



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more including the participating districts.

Results for Student Groups in 2013

Reporting Groups	Percent of students	Avg. score	Percentages at or above		Percent at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
Race/Ethnicity					
White	26	250	93	70	26
Black	7	206	55	15	2
Hispanic	61	208	53	22	4
Asian	3	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	3	‡	‡	‡	‡
Gender					
Male	51	218	64	35	9
Female	49	223	67	38	12
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	62	203	48	16	2
Not eligible	38	249	93	69	25

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

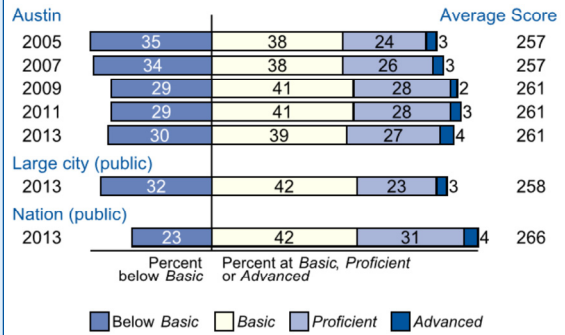
Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2013, Black students had an average score that was 44 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (39 points).
- In 2013, Hispanic students had an average score that was 42 points lower than White students. This performance gap was wider than that in 2005 (32 points).
- In 2013, female students in Austin had an average score that was not significantly different from male students.
- In 2013, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 46 points lower than students who were not eligible. This performance gap was wider than that in 2005 (33 points).

Overall Results

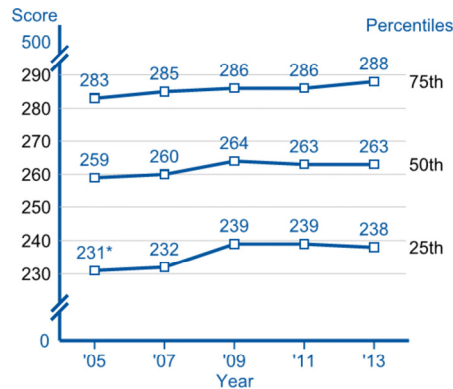
- In 2013, the average score of eighth-grade students in Austin was 261. This was higher than the average score of 258 for public school students in large cities.
- The average score for students in Austin in 2013 (261) was not significantly different from their average score in 2011 (261) and in 2005 (257).
- The score gap between higher performing students in Austin (those at the 75th percentile) and lower performing students (those at the 25th percentile) was 50 points in 2013. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (52 points).
- The percentage of students in Austin who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 31 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (30 percent) and in 2005 (27 percent).
- The percentage of students in Austin who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 70 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (71 percent) and in 2005 (65 percent).

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



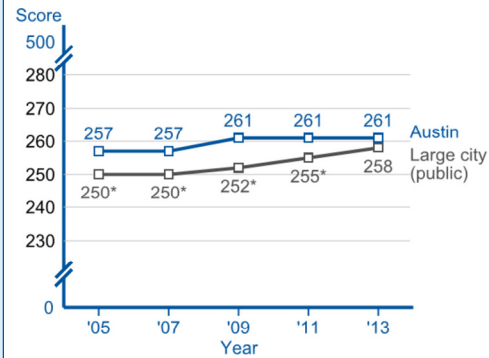
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more including the participating districts.

Scores at Selected Percentiles



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Average Scores for District and Large Cities



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more including the participating districts.

Results for Student Groups in 2013

Reporting Groups	Percent of students	Avg. score	Percentages at or above		Percent at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
Race/Ethnicity					
White	26	286	91	61	10
Black	9	245	55	14	1
Hispanic	59	251	62	19	1
Asian	3	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	2	‡	‡	‡	‡
Gender					
Male	51	258	67	29	3
Female	49	265	74	34	5
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	61	246	58	14	#
Not eligible	39	286	91	59	10

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2013, Black students had an average score that was 42 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (37 points).
- In 2013, Hispanic students had an average score that was 35 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (35 points).
- In 2013, female students in Austin had an average score that was higher than male students by 7 points.
- In 2013, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 40 points lower than students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (32 points).