

# **FACILITY CONDITION ASSESSMENT**

Doss ES | February 2022





#### **Executive Summary**

Doss ES is located at 7005 Northledge Dr in Austin, Texas. The oldest building is 10 years old (at time of 2020 assessment). It comprises 61,101 gross square feet.

The findings contained within this report are the result of an assessment of building systems and the conditions found on the site at the time of the visit. The assessment was performed by building professionals experienced in disciplines including architecture, mechanical, plumbing and electrical. The total current deficiencies for this site, in 2020 construction cost dollars, are estimated at \$0. A ten-year need was developed to provide an understanding of the current need as well as the projected needs in the near future. For Doss ES the ten-year need is \$1,484,767.

For master planning purposes, the total current deficiencies and the first five years of projected life cycle needs were combined to calculate a Facility Condition Assessment (FCA) score. A 5-year FCA was calculated by dividing the 5-year need by the total replacement cost. Costs associated with new construction are not included in the FCA calculation. The Doss ES facility has a 5-year FCA score of 99.45%.

### **Summary of Findings**

The table below summarizes the condition findings at Doss ES

Table 1: Facility Condition by Building

Number	Building Name	Current Deficiencies	5-Year Life Cycle Cost	Yrs 6-10 Life Cycle Cost	Total 5 Yr Need (Yr 1-5 + Current Defs)	Total 10 Yr Need (Yr 1-10 + Current Defs)	Replacement Cost	5-Year FCA
Exterior Si	ite							
	Exterior Site	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Permanen	t Building(s)							
154A	Main building includes Administration Offices, Classrooms, Cafeteria, & Gym.	\$0	\$0	\$1,155,753	\$0	\$1,155,753	\$18,422,350	100.00%
154B	Stand-Alone Gym	\$0	\$115,200	\$213,814	\$115,200	\$329,014	\$2,372,599	95.14%
	Sub Total for Permanent Building(s):	\$0	\$115,200	\$1,369,567	<i>\$115,200</i>	<i>\$1,484,767</i>	\$20,794,951	
	Total for Site:	\$0	\$115,200	\$1,369,567	\$115,200	\$1,484,767	\$20,794,951	99.45%



#### **Approach and Methodology**

A facility condition assessment evaluates each building's overall condition. Two components of the facility condition assessment are combined to total the cost for facility need. The two components of the facility condition assessment are current deficiencies and life cycle forecast.

**Current Deficiencies:** Deficiencies are items in need of repair or replacement as a result of being broken, obsolete, or beyond useful life. The existing deficiencies that currently require correction are identified and assigned a priority. An example of a current deficiency might include a broken lighting fixture or an inoperable roof top air conditioning unit.

**Life Cycle Forecast:** Life cycle analysis evaluates the ages of a building's systems to forecast system replacement as they reach the end of serviceable life. An example of a life cycle system replacement is a roof with a 20-year life that has been in place for 15 years and may require replacement in five years.

All members of the survey team recorded existing conditions, identified problems and deficiencies, and documented corrective action and quantities. The team took digital photos at each site to better identify significant deficiencies.

#### **Facility Deficiency Priority Levels**

Deficiencies were ranked according to five priority levels, with Priority 1 items being the most critical to address:

**Priority 1** – **Mission Critical Concerns:** Deficiencies or conditions that may directly affect the site's ability to remain open or deliver the educational curriculum. These deficiencies typically relate to building safety, code compliance, severely damaged or failing building components, and other items that require near-term correction. An example of a Priority 1 deficiency is a fire alarm system replacement.

**Priority 2 - Indirect Impact to Educational Mission:** Items that may progress to a Priority 1 item if not addressed in the near term. Examples of Priority 2 deficiencies include inadequate roofing that could cause deterioration of integral building systems, and conditions affecting building envelopes, such as roof and window replacements.

**Priority 3 - Short-Term Conditions:** Deficiencies that are necessary to the site's mission but may not require immediate attention. These items should be considered necessary improvements required to maximize facility efficiency and usefulness. Examples of Priority 3 items include site improvements and plumbing deficiencies.

**Priority 4 - Long-Term Requirements:** Items or systems that may be considered improvements to the instructional environment. The improvements may be aesthetic or provide greater functionality. Examples include cabinets, finishes, paving, removal of abandoned equipment, and educational accommodations associated with special programs.

**Priority 5 - Enhancements:** Deficiencies aesthetic in nature or considered enhancements. Typical deficiencies in this priority include repainting, replacing carpet, improved signage, or other improvements to the facility environment.

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The following table summarizes this site's current deficiencies by building system and priority.

Table 2: System by Priority (Site & Permanent Buildings)

System	1	2	3	4	5	Total	% of Total
Site	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Structural	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Exterior	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Interior	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Mechanical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Fire and Life Safety	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Conveyances	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Specialties	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Crawlspace	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Total:	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	



The chart below represents the building systems and associated deficiency costs.

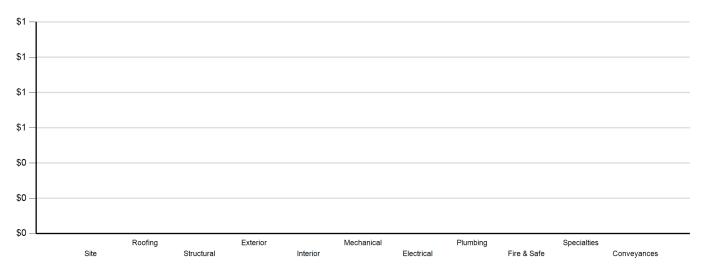


Figure 1: System Deficiencies



#### **Life Cycle Capital Renewal Forecast**

During the facility condition assessment, assessors inspected all major building systems. If an assessor identified a need for immediate replacement, a deficiency was created with the item's repair costs. The identified deficiency contributes to the facility's total current repair costs.

However, capital planning scenarios span multiple years, as opposed to being constrained to immediate repairs. Construction projects may begin several years after the initial facility condition assessment. Therefore, in addition to the current year repair costs, it is necessary to forecast the facility's future costs using a ten-year life cycle renewal forecast model.

Life cycle renewal is the projection of future building system costs based upon each individual system's expected serviceable life. Building systems and components age over time, eventually break down, reach the end of their useful lives, and may require replacement. While an item may be in good condition now, it might reach the end of its life before a planned construction project occurs.

The following tables show current deficiencies and the subsequent ten-year life cycle capital renewal projections. The projections outline costs for major building systems in which a component is expected to reach the end of its useful life and require capital funding for replacement.

Table 3a: Capital Renewal Forecast (Yrs 1-5)

		Life Cycl	e Capital Renewal Pro	ojections		
System	Year 1 2023	Year 2 2024	Year 3 2025	Year 4 2026	Year 5 2027	Total 1-5
Site	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Exterior	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Interior	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,089	\$4,089
Mechanical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$40,314	\$40,314
Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$70,797	\$70,797
Fire and Life Safety	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Conveyances	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Specialties	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Crawlspace	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$115,200	\$115,200

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Table 3b: Capital Renewal Forecast (Yrs 6-10)

		Life Cycle Capital Renewal Projections						
System	Total 1-5	Year 6 2028	Year 7 2029	Year 8 2030	Year 9 2031	Year 10 2032	Total 6-10	Total 1-10
Site	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Exterior	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$14,828	\$0	\$14,828	\$14,828
Interior	\$4,089	\$0	\$246,410	\$79,090	\$0	\$186,387	\$511,887	\$515,976
Mechanical	\$40,314	\$0	\$0	\$13,492	\$0	\$658,902	\$672,394	\$712,708
Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$91,729	\$91,729	\$91,729
Plumbing	\$70,797	\$0	\$0	\$796	\$0	\$28,639	\$29,435	\$100,232
Fire and Life Safety	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$49,294	\$49,294	\$49,294
Conveyances	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Specialties	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Crawlspace	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total	\$115,200	\$0	\$246,410	\$93,378	\$14,828	\$1,014,951	\$1,369,567	\$1,484,767

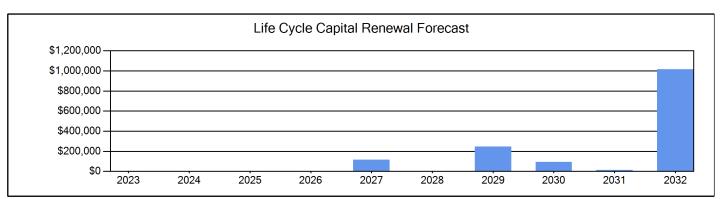


Figure 2: Ten Year Capital Renewal Forecast



#### **Facility Condition Assessment Score**

The Facility Condition Assessment Score (FCAS) is used throughout the facility condition assessment industry as a general indicator of a building's health. The FCAS is used to benchmark the relative condition of a group of sites. The FCAS is derived by dividing the total repair cost, site-related repairs, by the total replacement cost and subtracting it from 100. A facility with a lower FCAS percentage has more need, or higher priority, than a facility with a lower FCAS. It should be noted that costs in the New Construction category are not included in the FCAS calculation.

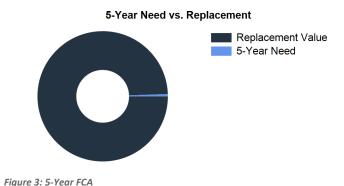
FCAS = 100 - (Total Repair Cost/ Replacement Cost)

For master planning purposes, the total current deficiencies and the first five years of projected life cycle needs were combined. This provides an understanding of the current needs of a facility as well as the projected needs in the near future. A 5-year FCAS was calculated by dividing the 5-year need by the total replacement cost. Costs associated with new construction are not included in the FCAS calculation.



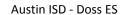
Financial modeling has shown that over a 30-year period, it is more cost effective to replace than repair sites with a FCAS of 35 percent or greater. This is due to efficiency gains with facilities that are more modern and the value of the building at the end of the analysis period. It is important to note that the FCAS at which a facility should be considered for replacement is typically debated and adjusted based on property owners and facility managers approach to facility management. Of course, FCAS is not the only factor used to identify buildings that need renovation, replacement, or even closure. Historical significance, enrollment trends, community sentiment, and the availability of capital are additional factors that are analyzed when making campus facility decisions.

The replacement value represents the estimated cost of replacing the current building with another building of like size, based on today's estimated cost of construction in the Austin area. The estimated replacement cost for this facility is \$20,794,951. For planning purposes, the total 5-year need at the Doss ES is \$115,200 (Life Cycle Years 1-5 plus the FCA deficiency cost). The Doss ES facility has a 5-year FCA of 99.45%.



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## **Facility Condition Assessment**





There are no deficiencies for this campus

#### Buildings with no reported deficiencies

154A - Main building includes Administration Offices, Classrooms, Cafeteria, & Gym.

154B - Stand-Alone Gym



## **Doss ES - Life Cycle Summary Yrs 1-10**

### Building: 154A - Main building includes Administration Offices, Classrooms, Cafeteria, & Gym.

#### Interior

IIILEITOI						
Uniformat Description	LC Type Description		Qty	UoM	Repair Cost	Remaining Life
Wall Painting and Coating	Painting/Staining (Bldg SF)		50,489	SF	\$226,237	7
Carpeting	Carpet		5,610	SF	\$71,024	8
Acoustical Suspended Ceilings	Ceilings - Acoustical Tiles		25,245	SF	\$85,246	10
Compartments and Cubicles	Toilet Partitions		20	Stall	\$40,330	10
		Sub Total for System	4	items	\$422,837	
Mechanical						
Uniformat Description	LC Type Description		Otv	UoM	Repair Cost	Remaining Life
Heat Generation	Boiler - Steel Tube (2400 MBH)	1		Ea.	\$200,293	10
Heating System Supplementary Components	Controls - DDC (Bldg.SF)		56,099	SF	\$151,312	10
Central Cooling	Chiller - Outdoor Air Cooled (100 Tons)		1	Ea.	\$102,018	10
Other HVAC Distribution Systems	VFD (5 HP)		13	Ea.	\$57,111	10
Facility Hydronic Distribution	Pump - 5HP		3	Ea.	\$20,550	10
Facility Hydronic Distribution	Pump- 10HP (Ea.)		5	Ea.	\$57,803	10
Facility Hydronic Distribution	Pump- 10HP (Ea.)		1	Ea.	\$11,561	10
Facility Hydronic Distribution	Pump- 25HP (Ea.)		1	Ea.	\$14,381	10
Facility Hydronic Distribution	Pump- 25HP (Ea.)		2	Ea.	\$28,763	10
Exhaust Air	Kitchen Exhaust Hoods		1	Ea.	\$11,191	10
		Sub Total for System	10	items	\$654,982	
Plumbing						
Uniformat Description	LC Type Description		Otv	UoM	Bonoir Coot	Remaining Life
Domestic Water Equipment	LC Type Description  Water Heater - Gas - 40 gallon			Ea.	\$13,963	10
• •	Water Heater - Gas - 75 Gallons			Ea.		10
Domestic Water Equipment				Ea.	\$10,405 \$4,271	10
Domestic Water Equipment	Water Heater - Electric - 30 gallon	Sub Total for System		items	\$28,639	10
Fire and Life Cafety		Sub Total for System	3	iteilis	\$20,033	
Fire and Life Safety						
Uniformat Description	LC Type Description			UoM		Remaining Life
Water-Based Fire-Suppression	Fire Pump			Ea.	\$49,294	10
		Sub Total for System		items	\$49,294	
Sub Total for Building 154	A - Main building includes Administration Offices, C	lassrooms, Cateteria, & Gym.	18	items	\$1,155,752	
Building: 154B - Stand	d-Alone Gym					
Exterior						
Uniformat Description	LC Type Description		Qty	UoM	Repair Cost	Remaining Life
Exterior Entrance Doors	Steel - Insulated and Painted		4	Door	\$14,828	9
		Sub Total for System	1	items	\$14,828	
Interior						
Uniformat Description	LC Type Description		Otv	UoM	Repair Cost	Remaining Life
Resilient Flooring	Vinyl Composition Tile Flooring		500		\$4,089	5
Wall Painting and Coating	Painting/Staining (Bldg SF)		4,502		\$20,173	7
Compartments and Cubicles	Toilet Partitions			Stall	\$8,066	8
Suspended Plaster and	Painted ceilings		750		\$1,562	10
Acoustical Suspended Ceilings	Ceilings - Acoustical Tiles		500		\$1,688	10
Athletic Flooring	Athletic/Sport Flooring		3,752		\$57,561	10
· ····································	· ·····a	Sub Total for System		items	\$93,139	
Mechanical					***,***	
Uniformat Description	LC Type Description		Qtv	UoM	Repair Cost	Remaining Life
Decentralized Cooling	Condenser - Outside Air Cooled (8 Tons)			Ea.	\$23,173	5
Decentralized Cooling	Fan Coil - Water Cool/Water Heat (5 Ton)			Ea.	\$17,141	5
Heating System Supplementary Components	Controls - DDC (Bldg.SF)		5,002		\$13,492	8
Exhaust Air	Roof Exhaust Fan - Small		2	Ea.	\$3,919	10
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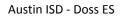
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**Sub Total for System** 

4 items

\$57,725







#### **Electrical**

Uniformat Description	LC Type Description	Qty	UoM	Repair Cost	Remaining Life
Lighting Fixtures	Light Fixtures (Bldg SF)	5,002	SF	\$91,729	10
	Sub Total for System	1	items	\$91,729	
Plumbing					
Uniformat Description	LC Type Description	Qty	UoM	Repair Cost	Remaining Life
Domestic Water Equipment	Water Heater - Gas - 100 Gallon	1	Ea.	\$6,384	5
Plumbing Fixtures	Restroom Lavatory	5	Ea.	\$13,581	5
Plumbing Fixtures	Showers	1	Ea.	\$1,306	5
Plumbing Fixtures	Toilets	4	Ea.	\$20,238	5
Plumbing Fixtures	Urinals	1	Ea.	\$1,354	5
Plumbing Fixtures	Refrigerated Drinking Fountain	2	Ea.	\$4,405	5
Domestic Water Piping	Domestic Water Piping System (Bldg.SF)	5,002	SF	\$17,976	5
Sanitary Sewerage Piping	Sanitary Sewer Piping	5,002	SF	\$5,553	5
Plumbing Fixtures	Sink - Service / Mop Sink	1	Ea.	\$796	8
	Sub Total for System	9	items	\$71,593	
	Sub Total for Building 154B - Stand-Alone Gym	21	items	\$329,015	
	Total for: Doss ES	39	items	\$1,484,767	

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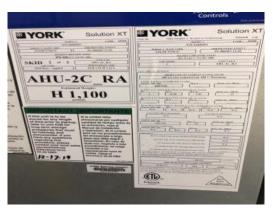


## **Supporting Photos**

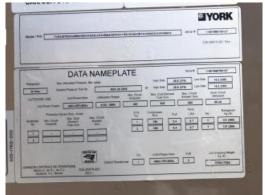
#### **General Site Photos**



Main entrance of central building



Air handling unit name plate



Air unit name plate



Mechanical name plate



Restroom facility



Toilet partitions

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Main hall space



Library space



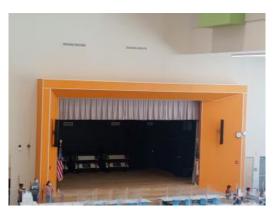
Cafeteria space



Kitchen space



Gymnasium



Theater stage

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